

Chapter J: Major Events in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Centuries

Listed below are fifteen events from the 1800s and 1900s that had an impact on the Church. Reorder the events so that they are in chronological order. To do this, use the timeline on the next page, where fifteen dates and time periods are listed. Write each event next to its corresponding date or time period.

The Industrial Revolution begins. Capitalism follows.
World War I ends.
The rise of Communism occurs.
Benedict XV's papacy begins. World War I also begins.
Pope John XXIII begins his papacy.
<i>Pax Christi</i> begins to develop.
Pope Pius XII declares a Holy Year to promote peace and forgiveness among the nations of the world.
Pope Leo XIII writes an encyclical that explains the Church's social doctrine.
The Second Vatican Council meets.
World War II occurs.
Pope John Paul II calls together an Extraordinary Synod to evaluate how the Church has progressed since Vatican Council II.
The Great Depression occurs.
Pope John XXIII announces that the Second Vatican Council is in order.
The Russian Revolution begins.
The rise of fascism, Nazism, and Pope Pius XI's papacy occur.



Major Events in the Nineteenth and Twentieth Centuries

Date	Event
Mid-1800s	
1891	
1914	
1917	
1918	
1920s–1930s	
1930s	
1939–1945	
1950	
After World War II	
During <i>and</i> after World War II	
1958	
1959	
1962–1965	
1985	

